I'm not a robot



Hi, Im Daria, the creator of this website! I invite you to join my Telegram channel for ESL teachers, where I share speaking activities, grammar discussions, fun ESL games, and more. See you there!Download full-size image from PinterestUsed to doRepeated actions in the pastWe can use used to + infinitive to talk about thingswe did repeatedly in the past. When I was a child, I used to go skiing every winter. From the age of 12 till I was 16, I used to dance at weekends. Situations or states (stative verbs) that were true in the past but are no longer true. As a child, I used to be blond. I used to live with my mum when I was a child. Used to, didnt use to, did you use to? The negative form of used to is didnt use to, and we form questions with did you use to. There is no present form of used to. When we want to talk about present habits or present form of used to. When we want to talk about present form of used to. When we want to talk about present habits or present form of used to. When we want to talk about present form of used to. usually eat out on Saturdays. Be used to something/doing something or to doing something or to doing something new, strange or difficult anymore. Be used to is a state, so it is not used with continuous verb forms. Its normally used with simple tenses. When I started working, getting up at 6 a.m. was hard, but now Im used to something in England for a short time, and Im still not used to something, you become accustomed to something. Getting used to something is the process of becoming used to something. Ive just started my new job, and Im still getting used to doing, get used to doing, get used to doing. It might be difficult at first, but youll get used to driving on the left. Used to doing, get used to doing. It might be difficult at first, but youll get used to doing. It might be difficult at first, but youll get used to doing. It might be difficult at first, but youll get used to doing. 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The word tois a preposition, not part of an infinitive, so when a verb follows, it must take the -ing form. Im not used to this cold and rainy weather. Im sure youll get used to work with John. Im sure youllget used to working with John. Page 2 Download full-size image from PinterestUsed to doRepeated actions in the past. When I was a child, I used to dance at weekends. Situations or states that are no longer trueWe can use used to + infinitive to talk about situations or states (stative verbs) that were true in the past but are no longer true. As a child, I used to be blond. I used to be blon or present repeated actions, we use the present simple tense withusually, normally, often, etc. We use to eat out on Saturdays. Be used to something or to doing something, you are accustomed to it. Maybe its something new, strange or difficult, but you have done it for some time, and now you dont find it new, strange or difficult anymore. Be used to it a state, so it is not used to it. Ive been living in England for a short time, and Im still not used to driving on the left. Get used to something/doing somethingIf youget used to something used to something. It might be difficult at first, but youll get used to driving on the left. Used to do, be used to doing, get used to doingThe past verb used to is always followed by an infinitive. The wordto is part of the infinitive. I used to play basketballwhen I was in school. After be used too is a preposition, not part of an infinitive, so when a verb follows, it must take the -ing form. Im not used to this cold and rainy weather. Im sure youll get used to work with John. Page 3 Download full-size image from PinterestUsed to doRepeated actions in the past. When I was a child, I used to go skiing every winter. From the age of 12 till I was 16, I used to dance at weekends. Situations or states that are no longer true. As a child, I used to be blond. I used to live with my mum when I was a child. 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It might be difficult at first, but youll get used to doing. The wordto is part of the infinitive. I used to doing. The wordto is part of the infinitive. I used to doing. The wordto is part of the infinitive. I used to doing. The wordto is part of the infinitive. I used to doing. The wordto is part of the infinitive. I used to doing. The wordto is part of the infinitive. I used to doing. The wordto is part of the infinitive. I used to doing. The wordto is part of the infinitive. I used to doing. The wordto is part of the infinitive. I used to doing. The wordto is part of the infinitive. I used to doing. The wordto is part of the infinitive. I used to doing. The wordto is part of the infinitive. I used to doing. The wordto is part of the wordto is part of the infinitive. I used to doing. The wordto is part of the wordto is pa ing verb. The word tois a preposition, not part of an infinitive, so when a verb follows, it must take the -ing form. Im not used to working with John. Complete the sentences using used to. 1 Jack has to drive two hours to his work every morning. Many years ago, when he first had to do this, it was difficult for him. But now its OK. When jack started working in this job, he wasnt. Driving two hours every morning. Julia is a nurse. A year ago she started working nights. At first she found it hard and didnt like it. She . nights and it took her a few months to . it. Now, after a year, its OK for her. She . nights. 11 When jack started working in this job, he wasnt used to driving two hours every morning. / He is used to driving 2 She wasnt used to working nights and it took her a few months to get used to it. Now, after a year, its OK for her. Shes used to working What do you say in these situations? Use Im (not) used to . 1 You live alone. You dont mind this. You have always lived alone. FRIEND: Do you get lonely sometimes? YOU: No, .2 You sleep on the floor. You don't mind this. You have always slept on the floor. FRIEND: Wouldn't you prefer to sleep in a bed? You: No, I .3 You have to work long hours in your job, don't you? You: Yes, but I don't mind that. I .4 You usually go to bed early. Last night you went to bed very late (for you) and as a result you are very tired this morning. FRIEND: You look tired this morning. FRIEND: You look tired this morning. You: Yes, Im not used to sleeping on the floor. 3 Im used to working long hours. 4 Yes, Im not used to sleeping on the floor. 3 Im used to living alone. 2 No, Im used to sleeping on the floor. 3 Im used to sleep in the floor. 3 Im used to sleep i get/got used to. 1 Some friends of yours have just moved into an apartment on a busy street. It is very noisy. Theyll have to .2 The children at school got a new teacher. She was different from the teacher before her, but this wasnt a problem for the children at school got a new teacher. She was different from the teacher before her, but this wasnt a problem for the children at school got a new teacher. She was different from the teacher before her, but this wasnt a problem for the children at school got a new teacher. She was different from the teacher before her, but this wasnt a problem for the children at school got a new teacher. She was different from the teacher before her, but this wasnt a problem for the children at school got a new teacher. She was different from the teacher before her, but this wasnt a problem for the children at school got a new teacher. She was different from the teacher before her, but this wasnt a problem for the children at school got a new teacher. She was different from the teacher before her, but this wasnt a problem for the children at school got a new teacher. She was different from the teacher before her, but this wasnt a problem for the children at school got a new teacher. She was different from the teacher before her, but this wasnt a problem for the children at school got a new teacher. She had to. in a much smaller house. 4 Some people you know from Britain are going to live in your country. What will they have to get used to her. / to the/their new teacher. 3 She had to get used to living in a much smaller house. 4 (example answers) Theyll have to get used to the weather. / to the food. / to speaking a foreign language. Complete the sentences using only one word each time. 1 Lisa had to get used to . so much. 4 I wouldnt like to share an office. Im used to . my own office. 5 I used to . a car, but I sold it a few months ago.6 When we were children, we used to . a school here, but it was knocked down a few years ago.8 Im the boss here! Im not used to . in a big city. 41 driving2 drink3 eating4 having5 have6 go7 be8 being9 live living 100 online multiple-choice and fill-in-the-blank get used to exercises across 5 tests provide a wide range of sentences to help you grasp the context and usage/formation of the get used to online and verify your answers immediately. Expand your English grammar proficiency with interactive mixed get used to activities. Suitable for kids, adults, ESL learners at the beginner, elementary, and intermediate levels. Page 2 100 online multiple-choice and fill-in-the-blank get used to exercises across 5 tests provide a wide range of sentences to help you grasp the context and usage/formation of the get used to. Prepare for exams, practice get used to online and verify your answers immediately. Expand your English grammar proficiency with interactive mixed get used to activities. Suitable for kids, adults, ESL learners at the beginner, elementary, and intermediate levels. Index of contents Video: used to Used to - exercises Worksheets - handouts Home Content English grammar practice exercise for intermediate level: used to vs. be used to and get used to used to hate vegetables but now I love them. If you are used to something, it is not strange, new or difficult for you: I am used to waking up early in the morning. It doesn't bother me. Theres a full explanation of the page. Exercise instructions Choose the best answer to fill the gap in each of the following. Used to + verb infinitive refers to a habit or state in the past simple tense. Past habits If you used to do something, you did it for a period of time in the past, but you don't do it any more. We used to live there when I was a child. I used to walk to school every day when I was a child. Past states with stative verbs such as have, believe, know and like. I used to like The Beatles, but now I never listen to them. He used to have long hair, but now its very short. I used to believe in magic when I was a child. Structure of questions: did(n't) + subject + didn't + use to be I didn't use to you have often done or experienced it; it is not strange, new or difficult for you. Structure: Be used to + noun phrase or verb (-ing form) I am used to getting up early in the morning. I don't mind it. He didn't complain about the neighbours loud party he was used to the noise. We can also say be used to someone. I don't mind it. He didn't complain about the neighbours loud party he was used to the noise. We can also say be used to someone. I don't mind it. He didn't complain about the neighbours loud party he was used to the noise. We can also say be used to someone. I don't mind it. He didn't complain about the neighbours loud party he was used to the noise. We can also say be used to someone. I don't mind it. He didn't complain about the neighbours loud party he was used to someone. I don't mind it. 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Negative: be not used to I don't understand him: I'm not used to his accent yet. Speakspeak.com is a free site. We reach thousands of teachers, learners and other users every day and rely on the support of visitors to keep the site running. You can support us by purchasing worksheets or one of our e-books. You'll learn something and keep us going at the same time! Thanks. I want to support Speakspeak Preview 20 Quizzes about Used To, Be Used To, Be Used To, Get Used To, Get Used To, Get Used To, Be Used To, Get Used To, Be Used To, Get U doing much work everyday. A. Wasnt used to B. Didnt use toBlackpool in England the most popular tourist destination. These days, English people prefer to go abroad. A. Was used to be B. Is used to be be to be D. Used to be be D. Used to b Example: The heat is a problem at first. But I am it. Answer: getting used to 5, get used to 6, gets used to 6, gets used to 6, gets used to 5, getting used to 5, getting used to 5, getting used to 6, gets used to 10, is used to Explanation of be used to and get used to... Index of English exercises... (return to same section) Copyright 2023 Practising EnglishAll rights reserved

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